# The Preliminary and Final Examinations



Inquisition Scene, by Francisco Goya, 1816

## The Prelim: Why You Should Care

#### The Prelim:

- It's a requirement!
- It's a chance to reflect on your project and the time it will take to complete it
- It's a chance to get good feedback from your committee before you get too far into your project
- It's a chance to practice writing an accessible description of your work, which will be very important throughout your career

## The Thesis: Why You Should Care

#### The Thesis:

- It's a requirement!
- You're now the world's expert in your field, and the thesis is your book!
- It is a published document that can and will be read and cited!
- Future members of your group will read it and be grateful for your thoroughness and suggestions
- You may be busy now and in a hurry to finish, but later you'll want to look back proudly on the quality of your thesis and thesis work

### The Prelim Exam: What is it?

The preliminary examination is a review of a student's proposal for thesis research, in the form of <a href="https://physics.illinois.edu/academics/graduates/preliminary-examination">(https://physics.illinois.edu/academics/graduates/preliminary-examination)</a>:



 A paper of <u>no more than 15 pages</u>, including figures and bibliography.

The paper should explain the rationale for the project, the problem to be studied, the background needed to understand the problem, the methods to be employed, the expected results, and the expected timescale of the planned research. It is helpful, but not necessary, to have research results prior to taking the exam.

The prelim—particularly the introduction—should be accessible to someone outside your field, *e.g.*, the "outside" member of your committee!

### The Prelim Paper

### The prelim paper MUST:

- be typed
- have 1.5 spacing between lines
- have 10-point font or larger\*
- <u>must not exceed 15 pages in length, including figures</u> and bibliography
- the title page must contain (i) the <u>title of the proposed</u> <u>thesis</u>, (ii) an <u>abstract</u>, (iii) the <u>name of the student and</u> <u>the advisor</u>, and (iv) the <u>approximate date of the exam</u>
- must include a *brief timeline* describing how long the proposed projects are expected to take

<sup>\*</sup>this is what the rules say...I would recommend 12-point font if you want your committee to be happy with you!

#### The Oral Presentation for the Prelim or Thesis

In both the preliminary and final examinations, the student is expected to give a short oral presentation on his or her research area and thesis topic

- The presentation, when practiced without interruptions, should not exceed ~30 minutes for the prelim exam and ~40 minutes for the thesis defense.
- Committee questions and discussion typically lengthen the presentation to between 1.5 and 2 hours.
- ⇒ Technically, the oral examination is NOT restricted solely to the details of the candidate's prelim paper or thesis: topics can in principle cover areas of physics that the committee feels are relevant to the proposed thesis work. *In practice*, the questions asked *tend* to stay pretty close to the thesis subject.

### The Prelim Exam: When Should You Take It?

- (1). You must have passed the qual
- (2). Ideally, you <u>should</u>\* have taken both "breadth courses"



\*But don't delay taking your prelim if you haven't done this

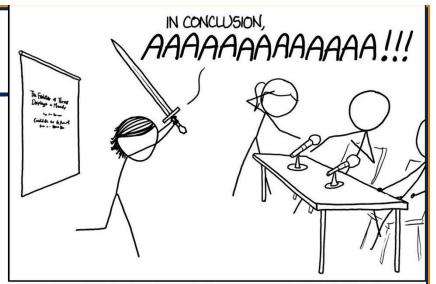
- (3). You must have been involved in Phys 597 research with an advisor, and have his/her approval
- (4). You are expected to take your prelim by the end of the fourth semester of research with a particular advisor.\*

#### New Graduate College Policy:

Students enrolling in Fall 2019 will be put on academic probation by the Grad College if they don't take their prelim by the end of their 5<sup>th</sup> year (4<sup>th</sup> year if you enrolled with an MS degree)

### The Thesis Defense

The thesis defense is a summary of the student's thesis research, including:



THE BEST THESIS DEFENSE IS A GOOD THESIS OFFENSE.

- The thesis (<a href="https://physics.illinois.edu/academics/graduates/thesis">https://physics.illinois.edu/academics/graduates/thesis</a>)
- The content of the thesis is approved by your adviser and the thesis defense committee, but the Grad College controls the <u>format of the thesis</u> (<a href="http://www.grad.illinois.edu/thesis/format">http://www.grad.illinois.edu/thesis/format</a>).
- A 30-40 minute oral presentation (without questions)

  Committee questions and the ensuing discussions usually comprise the main body of the 1.5 2 hour exam.
- Also: depositing your thesis
   The final requirement needed for the PhD degree

### The Final Exam: When Should You Take It?

### When your thesis is done, but before your job starts!

⇒ Campus rule: a doctoral candidate is expected to complete all degree requirements within seven years of first registering as a degree-seeking student in the graduate degree program

#### New Graduate College Policy:

Starting in Fall 2020, students who have exceeded their time to degree will be placed on academic probation. *If you are in your final year or on an approved time extension, the Grad College will notify you during the 2019-2020 academic year that you will be on academic probation in Fall 2020 if you do not complete your degree.* 

- ⇒ If more than five years elapse between a doctoral student's preliminary and final examinations, the student is required to pass a **second** preliminary examination.
- ⇒ It is expected that the doctoral dissertation will be deposited within one year of the final examination.

#### The Final Exam: When Should You Take It?

When your thesis is done, but before your job starts!\*

Timing issues you'll have to worry about:

- ⇒ How long will it take you to write your thesis?
  Probably longer than you think, ~3-6 months
- ⇒ How long will it take you to find a job?
- ⇒ How soon will your employer want you to start work?
- ⇒ When will your advisor stop supporting you?
- ⇒ In which term do you want/need to graduate? (See below for key dates)
- ⇒ Will you be supported during the semester you defend?
- ⇒ When will your committee be available?
- ⇒ *International students:* When will your OPT start?

\*This can be trickier than it sounds!

## The Final Exam: Funding Issues

Funding can be an issue during your final (thesis defense) term:

- ⇒ Your advisor might not want to support you on an RA during your final semester (e.g., you won't be around all semester because of a job)
- ⇒ You might not be eligible to TA during your final semester (e.g., you won't be around all semester because of a job)
- ⇒ <u>But</u>, you have to be registered during the semester you defend, so someone has to cover the tuition for that term

#### Options:

- (1). Consider asking your employer if you can complete the semester
- (2). Consider registering for 0 credit hours\* during your final term so you can minimize any tuition bill, which you may have to pay!
- (3). Come talk with me so we can discuss your options!

\*Be aware of the consequences of doing this

## The Prelim and Final Exams: New(ish) Rules

- (1). You must be a full-time registered student for the academic term in which the *preliminary* and *final* exams occur. Particularly important during the summer term!
- (2). The preliminary/final exam committee chair must be a member of the <u>Graduate College</u>.
- (3). The committee chair, student, and at least one additional voting member of the committee must be physically present for the entire duration of all oral components of the prelim and final examinations.
- (4). All voting members of the committee must be present in person or participate via teleconference or other electronic communication media during the examination, deliberation and results determination.

## The Prelim/Final Exam: Key Fall 2019 Dates

August 26, 2019: Starting August 26, 2019 you will need to be registered for the entire Fall 2019 term.

**November 15, 2019:** Last day to take your final exam and add your name to the degree list for a <u>December 2019 graduation</u>. **Note:** this is generally not an important deadline for grad students! **October 27** is last day to add your name to December degree list!

November 26, 2019: If you resign your appointment before November 26, 2019, *you will lose your tuition waiver for Fall 2019.*\*

**December 6, 2019:** Last day to deposit your thesis for a <u>December 2019 graduation</u>. **Note:** this is generally not an important deadline for grad students!

January 21, 2020: Starting on January 21, 2020, you will need to be registered for the entire Spring 2020 term.

\*Unless you resign your appointment and deposit your thesis within 7 day of your resignation.

## The Prelim/Final Exam: Key Fall 2019 Dates

#### Three relevant dates associated with graduating:

- Thesis defense date This is the trickiest to organize and you must be registered when you defend!
- Thesis deposit date This is the date most employers care about, you don't have to be registered
- PhD degree conferral date Employers generally don't care about this date...it's only important if you want to go through convocation ceremonies

## The Prelim/Final Exam: Key Spring 2020 Dates

January 21, 2020: Starting January 21, 2020, you will need to be registered for the entire Spring 2020 term.

**April 10, 2020:** Last day to take your final exam for a May 2020 graduation. **April 5** is last day to add your name to May degree list!

April 23, 2020: If you resign your appointment before April 23, 2020, you will lose your tuition waiver for Spring 2020.\*

**April 24, 2020:** Last day to deposit your thesis for a May 2020 graduation.



May 16, 2020: May Commencement (additional deadlines to register for Commencement ceremonies)

May 18, 2020: Starting on May 18, 2020, you will need to be registered for the entire Summer 2020 term.

\*Unless you resign your appointment and deposit your thesis within 7 days <u>after</u> your resignation.

## The Prelim/Final Exam: Key Summer 2020 Dates

May 18, 2020: Starting May 18, 2020, you will need to be registered for the entire Summer 2020 term.

June 29, 2020: If you resign your appointment before June 29, 2020, you will lose your tuition waiver for Summer 2020.\*

**July 3, 2020:** Last day to take your final exam for an <u>August 2020</u> graduation.

**July 17, 2020:** Last day to deposit your thesis for an <u>August 2020 graduation</u>. **July 3** is the last day to add your name to the August Degree list.

August 24, 2020: Starting on August 24, 2020, you will need to be registered for the entire Fall 2020 term.

\*Unless you resign your appointment and deposit your thesis within 7 days <u>after</u> your resignation.

### The Final Exam: Possible Outcomes

#### Possible outcomes of the final exam:

Considering all aspects of the student's performance (written paper, oral presentation, coursework), the committee will make one of **three** possible decisions:

- 1. Pass with no required revisions of the thesis;\*
- 2. Pass pending required revisions of the thesis;
- 3. Fail. A second opportunity to take the examination may be given, but is not required.

\*There are generally some minor (~2-3 days worth) revisions of the thesis required even in this case. Rarely, the revisions can be more extensive (a few months).

### The Prelim Exam: Possible Outcomes

### Possible outcomes of the prelim exam:

Considering all aspects of the student's performance (written paper, oral presentation, coursework), the committee will make one of **three** possible decisions:

- 1. The student has passed the examination and is admitted to Ph.D. candidacy;
- 2. The student has failed the examination and will not be admitted to Ph.D. candidacy;
- 3. The student has not passed the examination, but it is recommended that he/she have the opportunity to remove deficiencies in areas of study, or to improve his or her performance in research, and apply for reexamination in the following semester.

### Requirements After the Prelim Exam

### After the prelim exam:

- You should start registering for Phys 599 Thesis Research instead of Phys 597
- Post-prelim exam students are now required to meet with the chair\* of their prelim committee at least once per year

\*Chairs will be sent student self-evaluations and will be told to expect to be contacted by the student. You can also meet with another member of your prelim committee.

# Choosing a Prelim/Final Committee



### Choosing a Prelim/Final Committee

Prelim/final committees must have at least four voting members:

- At least three (including the chair) must be members of the Graduate Faculty (most UIUC faculty satisfy this)
- At least two must be tenured faculty at UIUC
- Preferably, a majority of members must be from the Physics Dept. (not a Grad College requirement)
- Can petition for non-Grad Faculty members to be added as voting members of committee

In the Dept. of Physics, the committee usually consists of:

- The thesis adviser
- A theorist in the student's research area
- An experimentalist in the student's research area
- A fourth member outside the student's research area

The chairman of the committee is **not** the research advisor, but is usually a member in the same research area as the student.

### Choosing a Prelim/Final Committee

#### To select your committee:

First, consult with your advisor and generate a list of suitable committee members (following the guidelines given in previous slide)

If you have questions or want advice, meet with the Associate Head for Grad Programs (me!) to discuss plans for finalizing your committee

⇒ In scheduling the preliminary examination, it is <u>your</u> responsibility to contact each one of the committee members and to arrange a firm date and time for the examination. (Learn about and use Doodle Polls!)

Once you have settled on a committee and a date and time for the exam, give the schedule and committee list to the secretary in the Physics Graduate Office (227 Loomis) at least three weeks before the exam. Wendy will schedule the exam room, submit needed paperwork to the Grad College, and send reminders to the committee.

## Advice on Choosing a Committee

(1). Schedule early in the semester!

Get on your committee members' schedules early! Don't put off scheduling the examination until the end of a semester because faculty schedules get crowded.

(2). Don't expect, without considerable planning, to take the examination when classes are not in session or during the summer

It is possible – but challenging – to schedule during these times, and it is your responsibility to resolve time conflicts that may arise after the exam is initially scheduled.

(3). Schedule your advisor and the chair of your committee first

Schedule the other member in your specialty next, then the non-specialist member of your committee last

# Advice on Choosing a Committee (cont.)

- (4). Ideally, your final committee should be the same as your prelim committee Let me know if you need/want to make changes, and I'll discuss your options with you
- (5). If you want a committee member who's not in the Grad College, let us know early, as there is extra paperwork involved
- (6). Make sure your chair and another committee member (and you!) will be in town for your prelim/final.
  - Grad College rules require these committee members to be physically present for the prelim/final.
- (7). Beware scheduling your thesis defense too close to a change in semesters!

### Arrangements for the Oral Presentation

The Grad Physics Office will make sure a room is reserved for the Prelim/Final Examinations

- As soon as the prelim paper is deposited!

The <u>student</u> is responsible for making sure the necessary audio/visual equipment for his/her presentation is available on the date of the exam

- Most conference rooms have overhead projectors kept in them, but if you need to reserve a portable projector, staff members in Room 213/233 Loomis and Room 38 Loomis can assist with reserving any required audio/visual equipment.

### Distributing Your Prelim or Thesis

At least 2 weeks before the proposed date of the examination, you must provide copies of the prelim paper or thesis to each member of your committee

- A. If you distribute your prelim/thesis electronically, make sure each committee member receives it!
- B. Make sure your advisor has approved your prelim/thesis before distributing it to your committee!
- C. Do not make significant changes to the prelim/thesis after distributing it without notifying your committee
- D. I'd suggest circulating an electronic copy of the prelim/thesis, and ask the committee members if they want a hard copy (ask them to verify receipt of copy!)

### Addendum: When Should You Take the Prelim?

The "rules" state that if a graduate student does **not** take the prelim exam by the end of the fourth semester with his or her research advisor, the department will not renew the student's RA or TA appointment in the following semester.\*



\*There is a long list of exceptions to this rule...

⇒ The appointment will be restarted (without back pay) after the tardy exam has been taken (pass or fail). Graduate student status is not affected by this action.

## Exceptions to "4th semester in research" rule

- (i) Students signed up for independent research (Physics 597) in their 1<sup>st</sup> year must do so before the end of their 3rd year of graduate study
- (ii) If the advisor is on leave when a student's prelim deadline is reached, the prelim paper must still be submitted by the end of the 4<sup>th</sup> semester of research; the oral exam will be administered as soon as the faculty member returns
- ⇒ (iii) If a student's advisor feels that there is a valid reason for delay of a prelim, then the advisor may submit a formal petition to the Associate Head (me!) -before the second week of the student's 4<sup>th</sup> research semester – to extend the prelim deadline

## Exceptions to "4th semester in research" rule

- (iv) Illness or other extenuating circumstances can be justification for delaying the prelim, but these situations must be brought to the attention of the Physics Grad Office as soon as possible
- (v) If a student switches advisors, the "Prelim clock" will begin again in the first semester the students takes Phys 597 with the new advisor
- (vi) If the Prelim Examination Committee finds a deficiency during the Prelim exam, the Department will, with the advisor's approval, continue the student's appointment while the issues are being resolved, usually within a semester

## Exceptions to "4th semester in research" rule

- (vi) If an unavoidable scheduling conflict exists with the prelim committee, the Physics Graduate Office <u>must be</u> notified early in the fourth semester of research, and the prelim must be held at the earliest available date.
  - ⇒ In this case, the prelim paper must still be submitted to the committee, the Physics Grad Office and the Physics Library before the end of the fourth semester of research.